(Draft No. 1.1 – H.77) 4/3/2013 - STG/JGC - 1:32 PM

1	Bold indicates a suggestion for new language
2	Bold and strikethrough indicates a suggestion for deletion
3	[Brackets] indicate which stakeholder made the suggested alteration during
4	testimony before the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare. A suggested
5	change without an indicated stakeholder is a suggestion made by Legislative
6	Council and is limited to remedying drafting errors.
7	
8	Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 9418(a) is amended to read:
9	(a) Except as otherwise specified, as used in this subchapter:
10	* * *
11	(18) "Urgent health service" or "urgent care" "Urgent request"
11 12	(18) "Urgent health service" or "urgent care" "Urgent request" means a request for a health service that is necessary to treat a condition or
12	means a request for a health service that is necessary to treat a condition or
12 13	means a request for a health service that is necessary to treat a condition or illness of an individual presenting a serious risk of harm if treatment is not
12 13 14	means a request for a health service that is necessary to treat a condition or illness of an individual presenting a serious risk of harm if treatment is not provided within 24 hours or a time frame consistent with the medical
12 13 14 15	means a request for a health service that is necessary to treat a condition or illness of an individual presenting a serious risk of harm if treatment is not provided within 24 hours or a time frame consistent with the medical exigencies of the case.
12 13 14 15 16	means a request for a health service that is necessary to treat a condition or illness of an individual presenting a serious risk of harm if treatment is not provided within 24 hours or a time frame consistent with the medical exigencies of the case. <i>Option 1:</i>
12 13 14 15 16 17	means a request for a health service that is necessary to treat a condition or illness of an individual presenting a serious risk of harm if treatment is not provided within 24 hours or a time frame consistent with the medical exigencies of the case. <i>Option 1:</i> (19) "Adverse determination" means a first-level appeal [Cigna]
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	means a request for a health service that is necessary to treat a condition or illness of an individual presenting a serious risk of harm if treatment is not provided within 24 hours or a time frame consistent with the medical exigencies of the case. Option 1: (19) "Adverse determination" means a first-level appeal [Cigna] decision by any organization authorized to assist an entity engaging in

1	investigational, or not medically necessary, and as a result, coverage is denied,
2	reduced, or terminated.
3	Option 2 - change this definition to mirror DFR Rule H-2009-03:
4	(19) "Adverse determination" means a denial, reduction,
5	modification, or termination of a benefit, or a failure to provide or make
6	payment, in whole or in part, for a benefit, including:
7	(A) a denial, reduction, modification, termination, or failure to
8	provide or make payment that is based on a determination of a
9	participant's or beneficiary's eligibility to participate in a health benefit
10	plan;
11	(B) a denial, reduction, modification, termination, or failure to
12	provide or make payment for a benefit resulting from the application of
13	utilization review; and
14	(C) failure to cover an item or service for which benefits are
15	otherwise provided based on a determination that the item or service is
16	experimental, investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate.
17	[MVP and DFR]
18	Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 9418b is amended to read:
19	§ 9418b. PRIOR AUTHORIZATION
20	* * *

1	(d) A health plan shall post a current list of services and supplies requiring
2	prior authorization to the insurer's website:
3	(1) a current list of services and supplies requiring prior authorization;
4	(2) a general description of the [Cigna] clinical criteria for prior
5	authorization decisions for prescription drugs and medical services; and
6	(3) data regarding prior authorization approvals and denials adverse
7	determinations [Cigna], including:
8	(A) the numbers total number and frequency of prior
9	authorization requests for drugs, diagnostic tests, and procedures; of
10	adverse determinations rendered during the previous calendar year; and
11	[Cigna]
12	(B) the average time between a request and a response to a
13	request for prior authorization, including requests submitted by
14	telephone, fax, and electronically; the number of appeals of adverse
15	determinations filed with an external appeals organization, the number of
16	external appeals decisions in which the insurer's decision was upheld, and
17	the number of external appeals decisions in which the insurer's decision
18	was reversed. [Cigna]
19	(C) the numbers and frequency of denials of prior authorization
20	requests for drugs, diagnostic tests, and procedures; and

(Draft No. 1.1 – H.77) 4/3/2013 - STG/JGC - 1:32 PM

1	(D) a summary of reasons for denials of requests for prior
2	authorization for drugs, diagnostic tests, and procedures. [Cigna]
3	(e) All adverse determinations shall be based on written clinical criteria that
4	<u>are:</u>
5	(1) based on nationally recognized standards, such as the Healthcare
6	Effectiveness Data and Information Set, guidelines maintained by the National
7	Guideline Clearinghouse, or guidelines maintained by the Center for
8	Evidence-based Policy, or guidelines established by a program certified by
9	the Utilization Review Accreditation Commission or the National
10	Committee for Quality Assurance; [Cigna] [or remove all examples of
11	nationally recognized standards; BCBS and others]
12	(2) evidence-based; and
13	(3) sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from norms when justified
14	on a case-by-case basis.
15	(f) All adverse decisions determinations shall be made by a physician
16	under the direction of the medical director responsible for medical services
17	provided to the insured members, or by a panel of other appropriate health care
18	service reviewers with at least one physician on the panel who is board
19	certified or board eligible in the same specialty as the treatment under review.
20	(e)(g) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, if the
21	commissioner Commissioner finds that a health plan has engaged in a pattern

1	and practice of violating this section, the commissioner Commissioner may
2	impose an administrative penalty against the health plan of no more than
3	\$500.00 for each violation, and may order the health plan to cease and desist
4	from further violations and order the health plan to remediate the violation. In
5	determining the amount of penalty to be assessed, the commissioner
6	Commissioner shall consider the following factors:
7	(1) The <u>the</u> appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the financial
8	resources and good faith of the health plan-:
9	(2) The the gravity of the violation or practice-:
10	(3) The <u>the</u> history of previous violations or practices of a similar
11	nature . ;
12	(4) The the economic benefit derived by the health plan and the
13	economic impact on the health care facility or health care provider resulting
14	from the violation-; and
15	(5) Any any other relevant factors.
16	(f)(h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a health plan
17	from applying payment policies that are consistent with applicable federal or
18	state laws and regulations, or to relieve a health plan from complying with
19	payment standards established by federal or state laws and regulations,
20	including rules adopted by the commissioner Commissioner pursuant to
21	section 9408 of this title, relating to claims administration and adjudication

1	standards, and rules adopted by the commissioner Commissioner pursuant to
2	section 9414 of this title and 8 V.S.A. § 4088h, relating to pay for performance
3	or other payment methodology standards.
4	(g)(1)(A)(i)(1)(A) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, on
5	and after March 1, 2014, when requiring prior authorization for prescription
6	drugs, medical procedures, and medical tests, a health plan shall accept for
7	each prior authorization request either:
8	(i) The the national standard transaction information, such as
9	HIPAA 278 standards, for sending or receiving authorizations
10	electronically; or
11	(ii) a uniform prior authorization form developed pursuant to
12	subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection.
13	* * *
14	(5) A health plan shall assign each prior authorization appeal [Cigna]
15	request a unique electronic identification number identifier [BCBS] that a
16	provider may use to track the request during the prior authorization process,
17	whether the request is tracked electronically, through a call center, by fax, or
18	through other means. [or remove subsection (5); MVP]
19	Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE
20	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2013 2014. [BCBS and others]